Claims

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- 1. A process for the solid phase synthesis of bio-oligomers characterised in that at least one washing step is carried out in the presence of a salt $(X^{n+})_m(Y^{n+})_n$, wherein X represents a cation, n represents the charge of the cation, y represents an anion and m represents the charge of the anion.
- 2. A process for attaching an appropriately protected monomer or oligomer to another monomer or oligomer which is protected by a protecting group and which is attached to a support, comprising the following steps:
 - a) cleave the protecting group from the monomer or oligomer attached to the support; and then
 - b) perform a thorough washing; and then
 - c) add an appropriately protected monomer or oligomer and couple it to the monomer or oligomer that is attached to the support, to form a covalent bond; characterized in that during the process, a salt (Xⁿ⁺)_m(Y^{m-})_n which is soluble in a solvent used in this process, is added, wherein, if the salt (Xⁿ⁺)_m(Y^{m-})_n is added in step c), the solvent is neither a chloroform/phenol nor a chloroform/trifluoroethanol mixture.
- 3. A process for attaching an α -amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected C-terminus to another amino acid or peptide which is protected by an α -amino protecting group and which is attached to a support during solid phase peptide synthesis comprising the following steps:
 - a) cleave the α -amino protecting group from the amino acid or peptide attached to the support; and then
 - b) perform a thorough washing; and then
- c) add an α-amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected C-terminus and couple it to the amino acid or peptide that is attached to the support and that now has an unprotected N-terminus, to form an amide bond; characterized in that during the process, a salt (Xⁿ⁺)_m(Y^{m-})_n, which is soluble in a solvent used in this process, is added, wherein, if the salt (Xⁿ⁺)_m(Y^{m-})_n is added in step
 c), the solvent is neither a chloroform/phenol nor a chloroform/trifluoroethanol mixture.
 - 4. A process according to claim 2 or 3, which additionally comprises the following step:
 d) perform a thorough washing;
 wherein step d) is performed after step c).

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- 5. A process for attaching an α -amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected C-terminus to another amino acid or peptide which is protected by an α -amino protecting group and which is attached to a support during solid phase peptide synthesis comprising the following steps:
 - a) cleave the α -amino protecting group from the amino acid or peptide attached to the support;
 - b) perform a thorough washing:

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- c) add an α -amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected C-terminus and couple it to the amino acid or peptide that is attached to the support and that now has an unprotected N-terminus, to form an amide bond; and
- d) perform another thorough washing; characterized in that at least in step a), a salt $(X^{n+})_m(Y^{n-})_n$, which is soluble in a solvent used in this step, is added.
- 6. A process for attaching an α-amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected C-terminus to another amino acid or peptide which is protected by an α-amino protecting group and which is attached to a support during solid phase peptide synthesis comprising the following steps:
 - a) cleave the α -amino protecting group from the amino acid or peptide attached to the support;
- 20 b) perform a thorough washing:
 - c) add an α -amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected C-terminus and couple it to the amino acid or peptide that is attached to the support and that now has an unprotected N-terminus, to form an amide bond;
 - d) perform another thorough washing; and
- characterized in that at least in step b), a salt $(X^{n+})_m(Y^{m-})_n$, which is soluble in a solvent used in this step, is added.
 - 7. A process for attaching an α -amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected C-terminus to another amino acid or peptide which is protected by an α -amino protecting group and which is attached to a support during solid phase peptide synthesis comprising the following steps:
 - a) cleave the α -amino protecting group from the amino acid or peptide attached to the support;
 - b) perform a thorough washing;

- c) add an α-amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected Cterminus and couple it to the amino acid or peptide that is attached to the support and that now has an unprotected N-terminus, to form an amide bond; and
- d) perform another thorough washing;
- characterized in that at least in step c), a salt $(X^{n+})_m(Y^{m-})_n$, which is soluble in a solvent used in this step, is added, wherein the solvent is neither a chloroform/phenol nor a chloroform/trifluoroethanol mixture.
 - 8. A process for attaching an α -amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected C-terminus to another amino acid or peptide which is protected by an α -amino protecting group and which is attached to a support during solid phase peptide synthesis comprising the following steps:
 - a) cleave the α -amino protecting group from the amino acid or peptide attached to the support;
 - b) perform a thorough washing;
- c) add an α-amino protected amino acid or peptide having an unprotected C-terminus and couple it to the amino acid or peptide that is attached to the support and that now has an unprotected N-terminus, to form an amide bond; and
 - d) perform another thorough washing;
- characterized in that at least in step d), a salt $(X^{n+})_m(Y^{m-})_n$, which is soluble in a solvent used in this step, is added.
 - 9. A process according to any of claims 1 to 8 wherein the salt $(X^{n+})_m(Y^{m-})_n$ is selected from the group of quaternary ammonium salts, ionic liquids, phosphonium salts, sulfonium salts, inorganic salts or any mixture thereof.
- 25 10. A process according to claim 9 wherein (Y^m)_n is selected from the group of fluoride, chloride, bromide, iodide, hydroxide, carbonate, hydrogenocarbonate, nitrate, phosphate, hydrogenophosphate, dihydrogenophosphate, tetrafluoroborate, hexafluorophosphate, acetate, carboxylates, cyanides, isocyanates, tetra-alkylborates, tetra-arylborates, trifluoroacetate, tosylate, mesylate or any mixture thereof.
- 30 11. A process according to claim 9 wherein the quaternary ammonium salt is selected from benzyltrimethylammonium hydroxide, benzyltrimethylammonium chloride or benzyltrimethylammonium carbonate, the phosphonium salt is tetrabutylphosphonium bromide and the sulfonium salt is triethylsulfonium tetrafluoroborate.

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- 12. A process according to any of claims 2 to 11 wherein the salt added in step a), b), c) or d) is also added in one or more of the other steps.
- 13. A process according to any of claims 3 to 12 wherein the α -amino protecting group is Fmoc (9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl) or Nsc (p-Nitrophenylsulphonylethoxycarbonate) or any other base-cleavable protecting group.
- 14. A process according to any of claims 3 to 12 wherein the α -amino protecting group is Boc (tert-butoxycarbonyl), Trt (trityl), Bpoc (2-p-Biphenylisopropyloxycarbonyl) or any other acid-cleavable protecting group.
- 15. A process according to any of claims 3 to 12 wherein the α -amino protecting group is selected so that neither acid nor base treatment is required for its cleavage.
- 16. A process for synthesising a peptide comprising:

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- a') attaching a first amino acid or peptide, having an α -amino protecting group, via its C-terminus to a functionalized support;
- b') perform the process according to any of claims 3 to 15 with the following amino acid or peptide foreseen in the sequence:
- c') repeat step b' with the appropriate amino acids or peptides until the desired sequence is achieved; and
- d') cleave the assembled peptide from the support by an appropriate method.
- 17. Use of a salt $(X^{n+})_m(Y^{m-})_n$ in solid phase peptide synthesis for improving the washing of the peptide resin.
- 18. Use according to claim 17 for improving the elimination of excess amino acids or cleavage reagents.